



I7DKP4

I7DKP4 PICTURE TUBE

SHORT RECTANGULAR GLASS TYPE
LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS

ALUMINIZED SCREEN
MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

With heater having controlled warm-up time

DATA

General:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage.	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current.	0.6	amp
Warm-up time (Average)	11	sec

For definition of heater warm-up time and method of determining it, see sheet HEATER WARM-UP TIME MEASUREMENT at front of Receiving Tube Section.

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Grid No.1 to all other electrodes.	6	μmf
Cathode to all other electrodes.	5	μmf
External conductive coating to ultor	{1500 max.	μmf
	{1000 min.	μmf

Faceplate, Spherical Filterglass

Light transmission (Approx.) 76%

Phosphor (For Curves, see front of this Section) . P4—Sulfide Type
Aluminized

Fluorescence White

Phosphorescence. White

Persistence. Short

Focusing Method. Electrostatic

Deflection Method. Magnetic

Deflection Angles (Approx.):

Diagonal 110°

Horizontal 105°

Vertical 87°

Electron Gun Type Requiring No Ion-Trap Magnet

Tube Dimensions:

Overall length 10-11/16" $\pm$ 1/4"

Greatest width 15-5/8" $\pm$ 1/8"

Greatest height. 12-3/4" $\pm$ 1/8"

Diagonal 16-9/16" $\pm$ 1/8"

Neck length. 3-9/16" $\pm$ 1/8"

Screen Dimensions (Minimum):

Greatest width 14-3/4"

Greatest height. 11-11/16"

Diagonal 15-3/4"

Projected area 155 sq. in.

Weight (Approx.) 10 lbs

Operating Position Any

Cap. Recessed Small Cavity (JEDEC No.J1-21)

Bulb J132-1/2 A1/B1

Socket Ucinite Part No.115446, or equivalent

Base Small-Button Neoeightar 7-Pin, Arrangement 1,
(JEDEC No.B7-208)

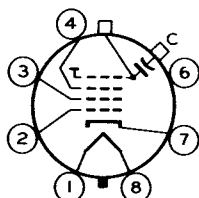
17DKP4



17DKP4 PICTURE TUBE

Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 8JR

- Pin 1 - Heater
- Pin 2 - Grid No.1
- Pin 3 - Grid No.2
- Pin 4 - Grid No.3
- Pin 6 - Internal Connection—
Do Not Use
- Pin 7 - Cathode



- Pin 8 - Heater
- Cap - Ultor
(Grid No.4,
Collector)
- C - External
Conductive
Coating

GRID-DRIVE[▲] SERVICE

*Unless otherwise specified, voltage values
are positive with respect to cathode*

Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

ULTOR VOLTAGE	{ 16000 max. volts 12000 [‡] min. volts
GRID-No.3 VOLTAGE	650 max. volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	{ 550 max. volts 300 min. volts
GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:	
Negative-peak value	200 max. volts
Negative-bias value	140 max. volts
Positive-bias value	0 max. volts
Positive-peak value	2 max. volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:	
Heater negative with respect to cathode:	
During equipment warm-up period	
not exceeding 15 seconds.	410 max. volts
After equipment warm-up period.	180 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	180 max. volts

Equipment Design Ranges:

*With any ultor voltage (E_{c4k}) between 12000 and 16000 volts
and grid-No.2 voltage (E_{c2k}) between 400 and 550 volts*

Grid-No.3 Voltage for focus.	0 to 400	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage (E_{c1k}) for visual extinction of focused raster	<i>See Raster-Cutoff-Range Chart for Grid-Drive Service</i>	
Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level):		
White-level value		
(Peak positive)	Same value as determined for E_{c1k} except video drive is a positive voltage	
Grid-No.3 Current	-25 to +25	μ a
Grid-No.2 Current	-15 to +15	μ a



17DKP4

PICTURE TUBE

17DKP4

Field Strength of Adjustable Centering Magnet . . . 0 to 12 gaussess

Examples of Use of Design Ranges:

<i>With ultor voltage of</i>	16000	16000	<i>volts</i>
<i>and grid-No.2 voltage of</i>	400	500	<i>volts</i>

Grid-No.3 Voltage for focus 0 to 400 0 to 400 volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage for visual extinction of focused raster -34 to -63 -43 to -78 volts

Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level):

White-level value 34 to 63 43 to 78 volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance. 1.5 max. megohms

CATHODE-DRIVE[■] SERVICE

Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are positive with respect to grid No.1

Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

ULTOR-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE.	{16000 max.	volts
	{12000 [■] min.	volts
GRID-No.3-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE.	650 max.	volts
GRID-No.2-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE.	690 max.	volts
GRID-No.2-TO-CATHODE VOLTAGE.	{550 max.	volts
	{300 min.	volts

CATHODE-TO-GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:

Positive-peak value	200 max.	volts
Positive-bias value	140 max.	volts
Negative-bias value	0 max.	volts
Negative-peak value	2 max.	volts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode:

During equipment warm-up period not exceeding 15 seconds.	410 max.	volts
After equipment warm-up period.	180 max.	volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode. 180 max. volts

Equipment Design Ranges:

With any ultor-to-grid-No.1 voltage (E_{c4g1}) between 12000 and 16000 volts and grid-No.2-to-grid-No.1 voltage (E_{c2g1}) between 400 and 690 volts

Grid-No.3-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage for focus[§]. 0 to 400 volts



17DKP4

PICTURE TUBE

Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage (E_{k1}) for visual extinction of focused raster.	See Raster-Cutoff-Range Chart for Cathode-Drive Service		
Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level): White-level value (Peak negative).	Same value as determined for E_{k1} except video drive is a negative voltage		
Grid-No.3 Current.	-25 to +25		μ a
Grid-No.2 Current.	-15 to +15		μ a
Field Strength of Adjust- able Centering Magnet [†] . .	0 to 12		gausses

Examples of Use of Design Ranges:

<i>With ultor-to-grid-</i>			
<i>No.1 voltage of</i>	16000	16000	volts
<i>and grid-No.2-to-grid-</i>			
<i>No.1 voltage of</i>	400	500	volts
Grid-No.3-to-Grid- No.1 Voltage for focus.	0 to 400	0 to 400	volts
Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Voltage for visual extinction of focused raster.	34 to 56	41 to 69	volts
Cathode-to-Grid-No.1 Video Drive from Raster Cutoff (Black level): White-level value.	-34 to -56	-41 to -69	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	1.5 max.	megohms
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▲ Grid drive is the operating condition in which the video signal varies the grid-No.1 potential with respect to cathode.

⊞ This value is a working design-center minimum. The equivalent *absolute minimum* ultor- or ultor-to-grid-No.1 voltage is 11,000 volts, below which the serviceability of the 17DKP4 will be impaired. The equipment designer has the responsibility of determining a minimum design value such that under the worst probable operating conditions involving supply-voltage variation and equipment variation the absolute minimum ultor- or ultor-to-grid-No.1 voltage is never less than 11,000 volts.

§ The grid-No.3 voltage required for optimum focus of any individual tube may have a value anywhere between 0 and 400 volts and is a function of the value of the ultor voltage, ultor current, and grid-No.2 voltage. It changes directly with the ultor voltage at the rate of approximately 46 volts for each 1000-volt change in ultor voltage; inversely with grid-No.2 voltage at the rate of about 60 volts for each 100-volt change in grid-No.2 voltage; and inversely with ultor current at the rate of about 60 volts for each 100-microampere change in ultor current. Because the 17DKP4 has a narrow depth of focus, it is necessary to



17DKP4

17DKP4

PICTURE TUBE

provide means such as a potentiometer or a 4-tap switch for adjusting the focusing voltage. In general, commercially acceptable focus is obtained if the focusing voltage is within 75 volts of the value required for optimum focus and if the focusing voltage is maintained to within 75 volts of the optimum value during line-voltage fluctuations.

- Distance from *Reference Line* for suitable PM centering magnet should not exceed 2-1/4". Excluding extraneous fields, the center of the undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a 5/16-inch radius concentric with the center of the tube face. It is to be noted that the earth's magnetic field can cause as much as 1/2-inch deflection of the spot from the center of the tube face.

- Cathode drive is the operating condition in which the video signal varies the cathode potential with respect to grid No.1 and the other electrodes.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

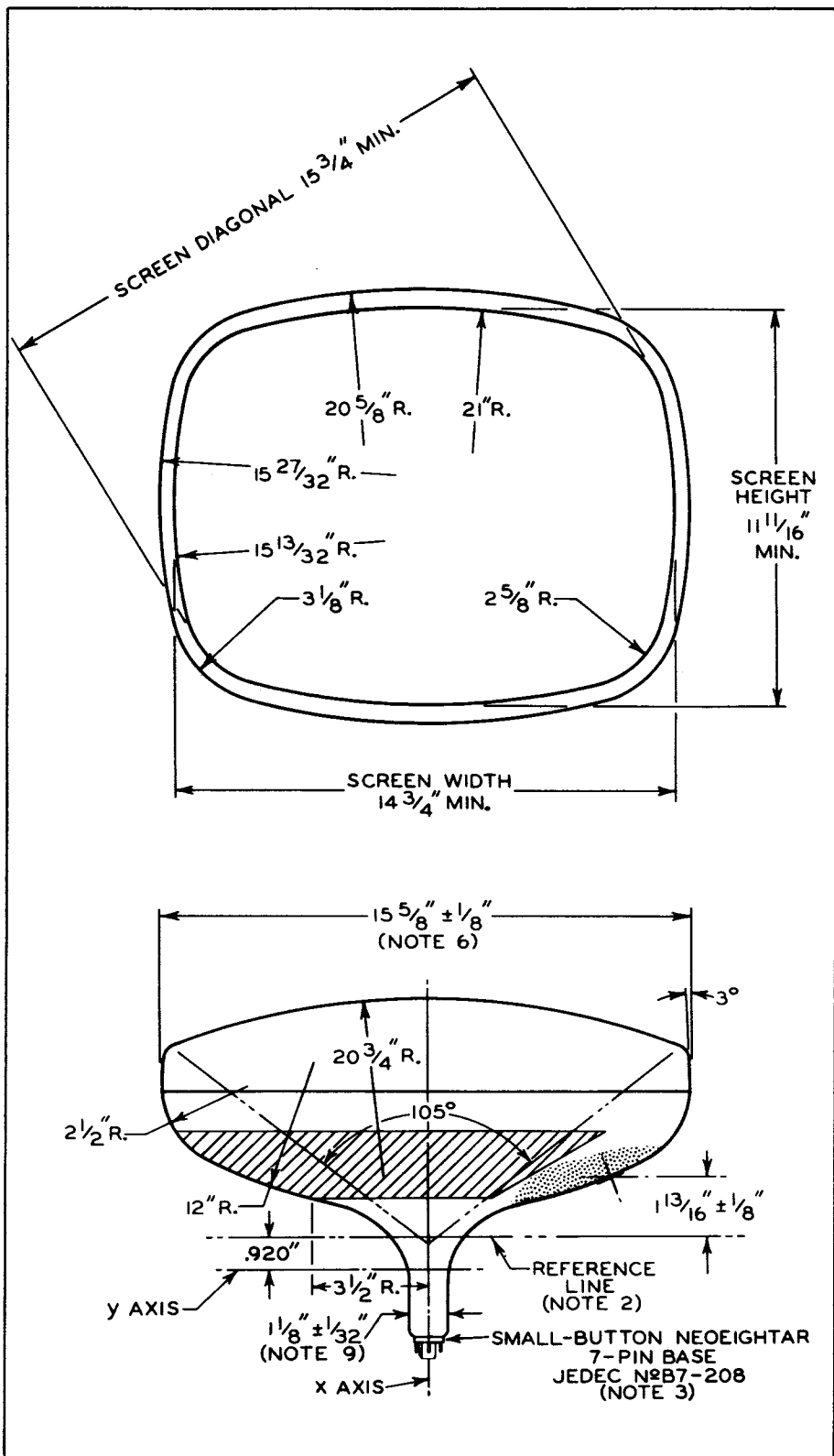
Shatter-Proof Cover Over the Tube Face. Following conventional picture-tube practice, it is recommended that the cabinet be provided with a shatter-proof, glass cover over the face of the 17DKP4 to protect it from being struck accidentally and to protect against possible damage resulting from tube implosion under some abnormal condition. This safety cover can also provide X-ray protection when required.

*For X-ray shielding considerations, see sheet
X-RAY PRECAUTIONS FOR CATHODE-RAY TUBES
at front of this Section*

17DKP4



17DKP4 PICTURE TUBE

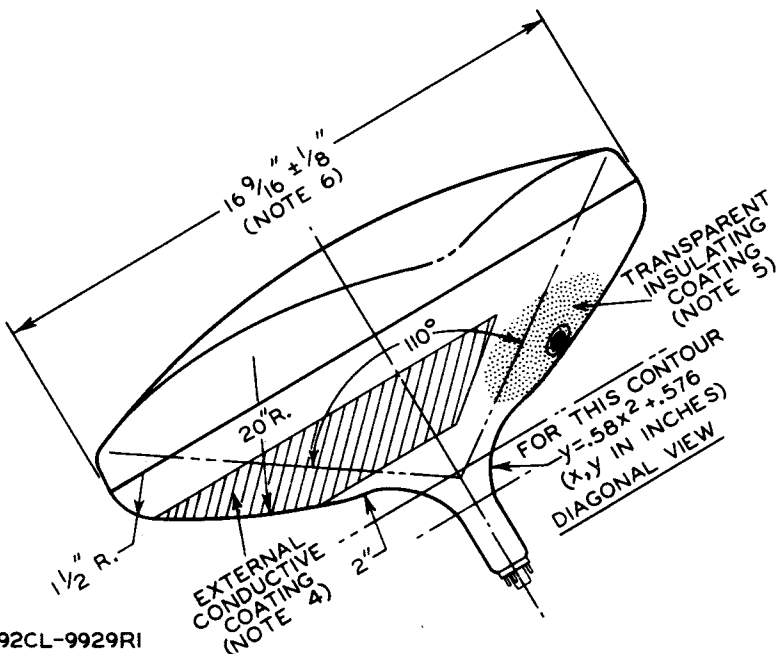
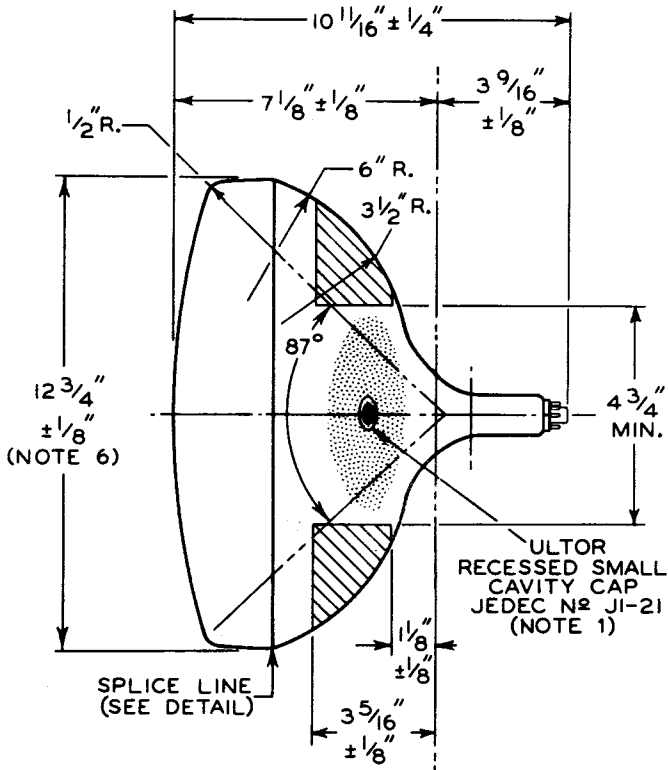




17DKP4

PICTURE TUBE

17DKP4

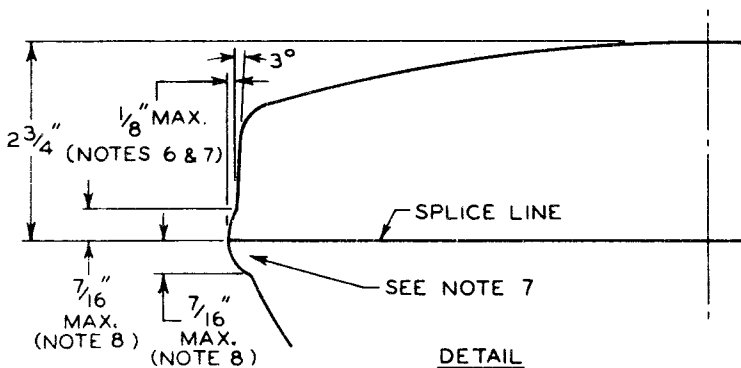


92CL-9929RI



17DKP4

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NOTE 1: THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND PIN 4 MAY VARY FROM THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND ULTOR TERMINAL BY ANGULAR TOLERANCE (MEASURED ABOUT THE TUBE AXIS) OF $\pm 30^\circ$. ULTOR TERMINAL IS ON SAME SIDE AS PIN 4.

NOTE 2: WITH TUBE NECK INSERTED THROUGH FLARED END OF REFERENCE-LINE GAUGE JEDEC No.G-126 (SHOWN AT FRONT OF THIS SECTION) AND WITH TUBE SEATED IN GAUGE, THE REFERENCE LINE IS DETERMINED BY THE INTERSECTION OF THE PLANE CC' OF THE GAUGE WITH THE GLASS FUNNEL.

NOTE 3: SOCKET FOR THIS BASE SHOULD NOT BE RIGIDLY MOUNTED; IT SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE LEADS AND BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FREELY. THE DESIGN OF THE SOCKET SHOULD BE SUCH THAT THE CIRCUIT WIRING CANNOT IMPRESS LATERAL STRAINS THROUGH THE SOCKET CONTACTS ON THE BASE PINS. BOTTOM CIRCUMFERENCE OF BASE WAFER WILL FALL WITHIN A CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH BULB AXIS AND HAVING A DIAMETER OF 1-3/4".

NOTE 4: EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING MUST BE GROUNDED.

NOTE 5: TO CLEAN THIS AREA, WIPE ONLY WITH SOFT DRY LINT-LESS CLOTH.

NOTE 6: MEASURED $2-9/32" \pm 1/32"$ FROM THE PLANE TANGENT TO THE SURFACE OF THE FACEPLATE AT THE TUBE AXIS.

NOTE 7: BULGE AT SPLICE-LINE SEAL MAY INCREASE THE INDICATED MAXIMUM VALUE FOR ENVELOPE WIDTH, DIAGONAL, AND HEIGHT BY NOT MORE THAN 1/4", BUT AT ANY POINT AROUND THE SEAL, THE BULGE WILL NOT PROTRUDE MORE THAN 1/8" BEYOND THE ENVELOPE SURFACE AT THE LOCATION SPECIFIED FOR DIMENSIONING THE ENVELOPE WIDTH, DIAGONAL, AND HEIGHT.

NOTE 8: THE TUBE SHOULD BE SUPPORTED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BULGE. THE MECHANISM USED SHOULD PROVIDE CLEARANCE FOR THE MAXIMUM DIMENSIONS OF THE BULGE. SUPPORTS MUST BE SPACED FROM THE TUBE BY THE USE OF CUSHIONING PADS MADE OF MATERIAL SUCH AS ASPHALT-IMPREGNATED FELT, OR EQUIVALENT.

NOTE 9: NECK DIAMETER IS MAINTAINED TO AT LEAST 2-7/16" FROM REFERENCE LINE.

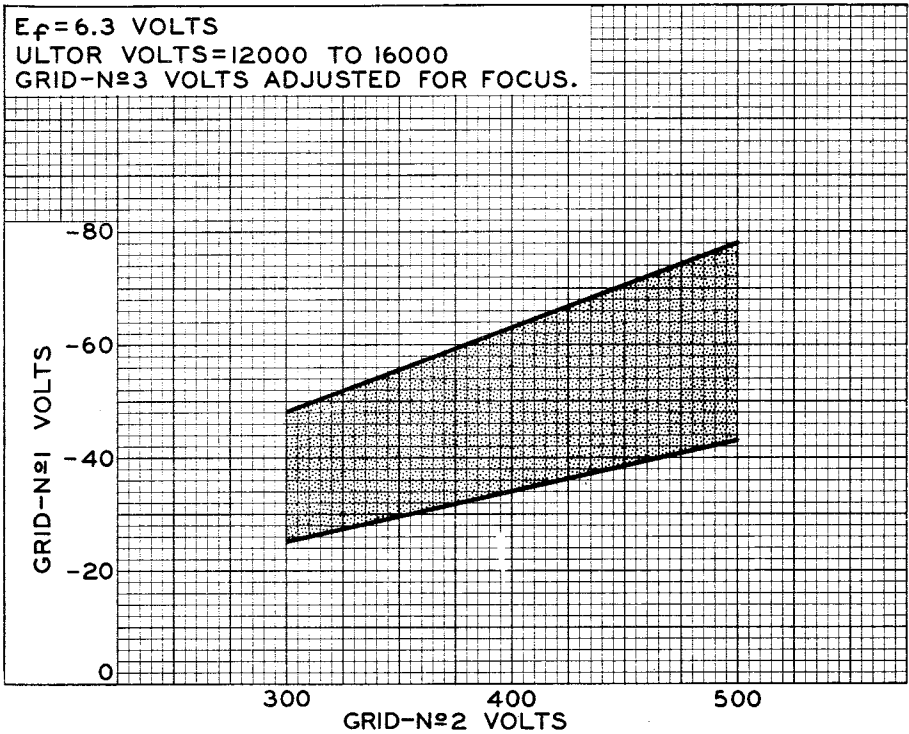


17DKP4

17DKP4

RASTER-CUTOFF-RANGE CHARTS GRID-DRIVE SERVICE.

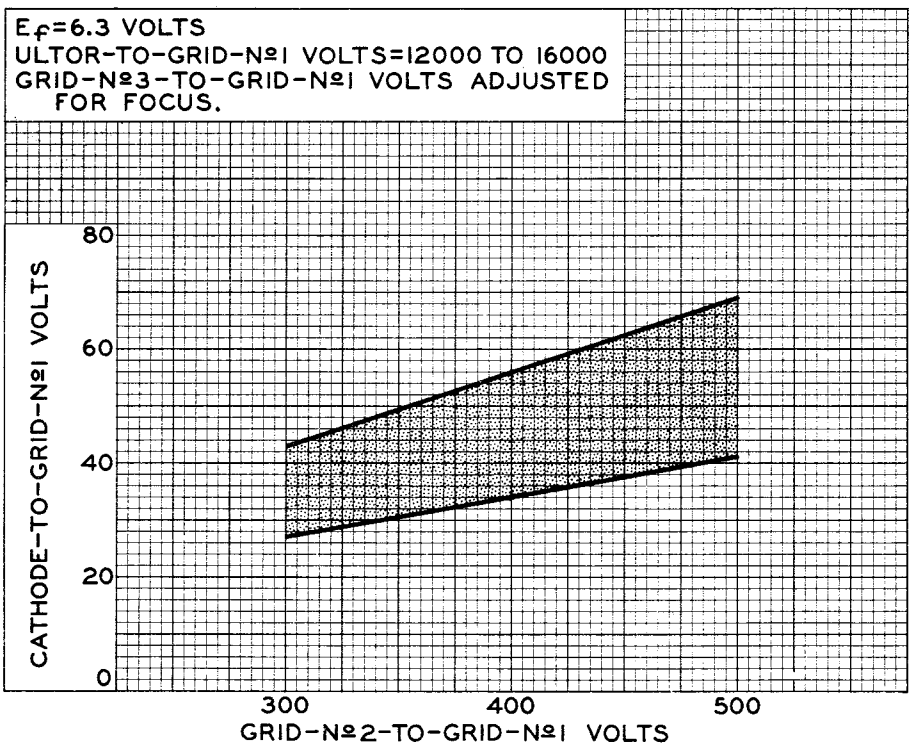
$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
ULTOR VOLTS = 12000 TO 16000
GRID-N $\approx$ 3 VOLTS ADJUSTED FOR FOCUS.



92CS-9930

CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
ULTOR-TO-GRID-N $\approx$ 1 VOLTS = 12000 TO 16000
GRID-N $\approx$ 3-TO-GRID-N $\approx$ 1 VOLTS ADJUSTED FOR FOCUS.



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CS-9931

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

17DKP4



17DKP4

AVERAGE DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE

 $E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

ULTOR-TO-GRID-№1 VOLTS = 16000

CATHODE BIASED POSITIVE WITH
RESPECT TO GRID №1 TO GIVE
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

RASTER FOCUSED

AT AVERAGE BRIGHTNESS.

RASTER SIZE = $14'' \times 10\frac{1}{2}''$

GRID-DRIVE SERVICE

 $E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

ULTOR VOLTS = 16000

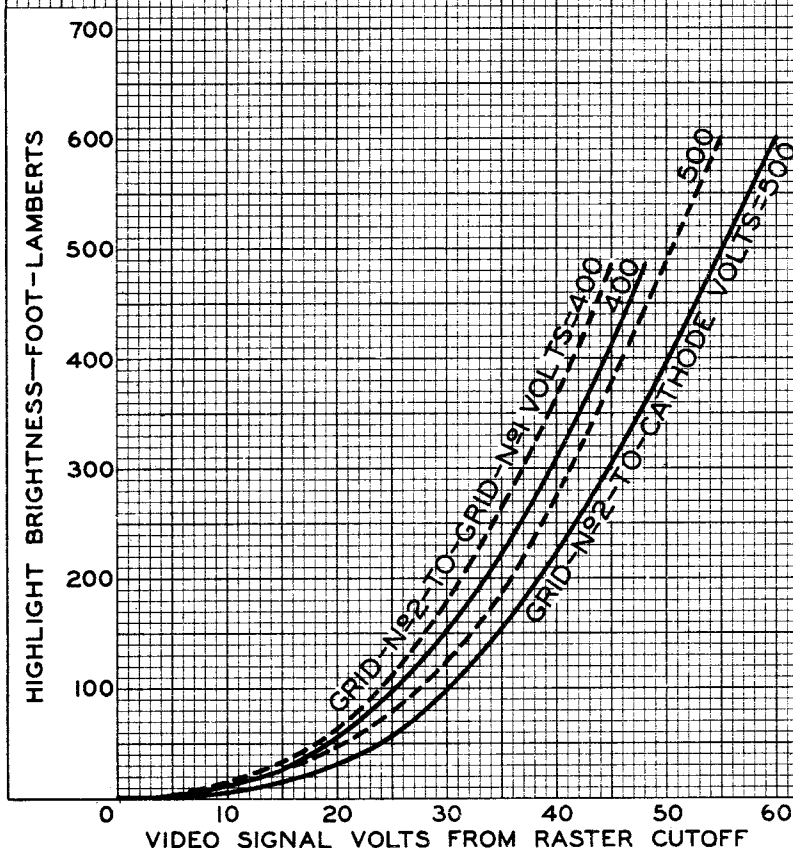
GRID №1 BIASED NEGATIVE WITH
RESPECT TO CATHODE TO GIVE
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

RASTER FOCUSED

AT AVERAGE BRIGHTNESS.

RASTER SIZE = $14'' \times 10\frac{1}{2}''$ I.C.I. COORDINATES OF SCREEN: $x=0.270$, $y=0.300$

--- CATHODE DRIVE
— GRID DRIVE





17DKP4

17DKP4

AVERAGE DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

ULTOR-TO-GRID-No1

VOLTS=12000 TO 16000

CATHODE BIASED POSITIVE WITH
RESPECT TO GRID No1 TO GIVE
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

GRID-DRIVE SERVICE

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

ULTOR VOLTS=12000 TO 16000

GRID No1 BIASED NEGATIVE WITH
RESPECT TO CATHODE TO GIVE
FOCUSED RASTER CUTOFF.

